§ 404.622

The general rule we use to decide whether your failure to file was due to a physical or mental condition is stated in subpart D.

(e) Filing after death of person eligible for disability benefits or period of disability. If you file for disability benefits or a period of disability for another person who died before filing an application and you would qualify under § 404.503(b) to receive any benefits due the deceased, you must file an application no later than the end of the third month following the month in which the disabled person died.

[44 FR 37209, June 26, 1979, as amended at 46 FR 47444, Sept. 28, 1981; 51 FR 4482, Feb. 5, 1986; 56 FR 58846, Nov. 22, 1991]

§404.622 Limiting an application.

Your application may entitle you to benefits for up to 6 months or 12 months (depending on the type of benefit, as explained in §404.621) before the month in which it is filed. You may limit the number of months of your entitlement in the 6-month or 12-month period. You may state this choice any time before a decision is made on your claim by indicating, in writing, the month you want your benefits to begin. You may change the first month of entitlement in this 6-month or 12-month period after a decision has been made on your claim under the following conditions:

- (a) You file the request in writing.
- (b) If you are filing for the claimant, he or she is alive when the request is filed.
- (c) If any other person who is entitled to benefits would lose some or all of those benefits because of the change, that person, or the person who filed for him or her, consents in writing.
- (d) Any benefit payments that would become improper as a result of the change in entitlement month are repaid, or we are satisfied that they will be repaid.

[44 FR 37209, June 26, 1979, as amended at 46 FR 47445, Sept. 28, 1981]

§ 404.623 Filing by person eligible for old-age and husband's or wife's benefits.

(a) Presumed filing for husband's or wife's benefits. If you file an application for old-age benefits, you are presumed

to have filed an application for husband's or wife's benefits in the first month of your entitlement to old-age benefits, if—

- (1) Your old-age benefits are reduced for age because you choose to receive them before you become 65 years old; and
- (2) You are eligible for either a husband's or a wife's benefit for the first month of your entitlement to old-age benefits.
- (b) Presumed filing for old-age benefits. (1) If you file an application for a husband's or a wife's benefits, you are presumed to have filed an application for old-age benefits in the first month of your entitlement to husband's or wife's benefits if—
- (i) Your husband's or wife's benefits are reduced for age because you choose to receive them before you become 65 years old; and
- (ii) You are eligible for old-age benefits for the first month of your entitlement to husband's or wife's benefits.
- (2) The rule in paragraph (b)(1) of this section is not used if you are also entitled to disability benefits in the first month of your entitlement to husband's or wife's benefits. In this event, you are presumed to have filed for oldage benefits only if your disability benefits end before you become 65 years ald

FILING DATE BASED ON WRITTEN STATEMENT

§ 404.630 Use of date of written statement as filing date.

If a written statement, such as a letter, indicating your intent to claim benefits either for yourself or for another person is filed with us under the rules stated in §404.614, we will use the filing date of the written statement as the filing date of the application, if all of the following requirements are met:

- (a) The statement indicates an intent to claim benefits
- (b) The statement is signed by the claimant, the claimant's spouse, or a person described in § 404.612. If you telephone us and advise us that you intend to file a claim but cannot file an application before the end of the month, we